# REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CLIONA'S FOUNDATION COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

(A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL)

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED

**31 DECEMBER 2018** 

## REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

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### DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

**DIRECTORS** 

Noreen Mitchell Brendan Ring Terry Ring Tom Tierney Brigid Teefy Fergal Deegan

**SECRETARY** 

**Terry Ring** 

**AUDITOR** 

Deloitte Ireland LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm Deloitte & Touche House Charlotte Quay Limerick

BANKER

Bank of Ireland Bruff Co. Limerick

REGISTERED OFFICE

Roselawn House National Technology Park

Limerick

CHARITY NO.

18127

COMPANY REGISTRATION NO.

464037

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

The Directors of Cliona's Foundation Company Limited by Guarantee (formerly Cliona's Foundation Limited) present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2018.

### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Cliona's Foundation Company Limited by Guarantee ("Cliona's Foundation") is a registered charity, (Company Registration Number 464037, Charity number CHY 18127, CRA Number 20068899) set up by Brendan & Terry Ring following the death of their daughter Cliona from an inoperable brain tumour. As they made the many trips to hospitals all over Ireland with Cliona, the couple were struck by the many families with whom they came in contact, who had a critically ill child like themselves and these families were on the brink of financial meltdown because of the mounting non-medical expenses piling up. Brendan and Terry took action and set up Cliona's Foundation in honour of their only daughter.

There are currently over 100 children's charities operating in Ireland. Cliona's Foundation is unique in that it focuses completely on non-medical expenses for families who have exhausted all other avenues of financial assistance.

### **CLIONA'S FOUNDATION VISION**

No family will suffer financially when caring for a seriously ill child.

### **CLIONA'S FOUNDATION MISSION**

To provide financial assistance for families of children with a life-limiting condition.

PATRON - Miriam O'Callaghan

#### LOOKING AHEAD

There are over 4,000 children in Ireland with life-limiting conditions. Parents, usually mothers, willingly become full-time carers for their child. Taking on this caring role frequently impacts directly on the family finances through loss of employment, income or opportunities.

Caring also impacts through increased expenses related to the care needs of their child such as attendance at hospital appointments including travel, and parking and other non-care related expenses.

The ordeal of a child's grave illness or injury tests families far beyond their endurance, taking an enormous toll financially, emotionally and physically. While CFDN cannot cure a child, it wants to help them cope and soften their heartbreaking journey, by uniquely providing financial assistance to families, who have exhausted all other resources. Cliona's Foundation believes that no family should have to face any added financial stress when they are already struggling to cope with the devastation and trauma of a seriously ill child.

The charity is committed to increasing its funding to families during the coming years and will strive to help more families than ever.

Cliona's Foundation will continue to strengthen its Board of Directors over the next 12 months and will continue to seek much needed funding from our Government and/or philanthropists rather than relying solely on fundraising initiatives or public support.

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT - CONTINUED**

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES, BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Cliona's Foundation provides financial assistance for families of children with a life-limiting condition for non-medical expenses all over Ireland. Since its launch, the Foundation has helped 598 families and raised in excess of €1.2m. It is Brendan and Terry's intimate understanding of the stress brought upon these families that explains the diversity of expenses covered by Cliona's Foundation - from rent, food, utility bills to transportation for chemotherapy or alternative therapies, to a treat for a sibling and even covering the cost of a child's funeral.

Cliona's Foundation receives no state funding whatsoever and relies entirely on fundraisers, donations and events to support the many families who contact the foundation each year. Cliona's Foundation is cognisant of the negative publicity concerning a number of high profile charities in Ireland. It is generally agreed it is not a good time to be fundraising in Ireland but yet families with critically ill children need support which is why Cliona's Foundation will adhere steadfastly to its mission – to provide financial support for families of children with a life-limiting condition.

It has been an excellent year for the Foundation. In 2018 Cliona's Foundation have been able to provide financial support to 102 families all over Ireland and has provided funding of epsilon110,000. The foundation is currently receiving a minimum of two new applications a week for funding and expect that this number will continue to rise.

Looking forward to next financial year, we are planning to continue to support and help many more families that greatly need it. We also plan to further raise awareness of the work that Cliona's Foundation does nationwide.

We would like to sincerely thank everyone for the amazing and wonderful support that you have shown to Cliona's Foundation this year.

Governance Code and Fundraising Principles.

Cliona's Foundation invested significant time and resources in reviewing and developing it's governance structures in 2017. Cliona's Foundation is a "Triple Locked" organisation in terms of its corporate governance. It is compliant with:

- The Goverance code
- The Statement of Guiding Principles for Fundraising
- And its annual financial accounts are prepared to the FRS102 (SORP)

#### **RESULTS**

During the financial year ended 31 December 2018, the company recorded a surplus of €18,242 (2017: deficit €47,381). Income of €206,396 (2017: €208,308) was recorded as a result of fundraising initiatives along with private donations received. Grants of €110,000 (2017: €155,000) were distributed to 102 foundation beneficiaries with an average distribution of €1,000.

### **RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

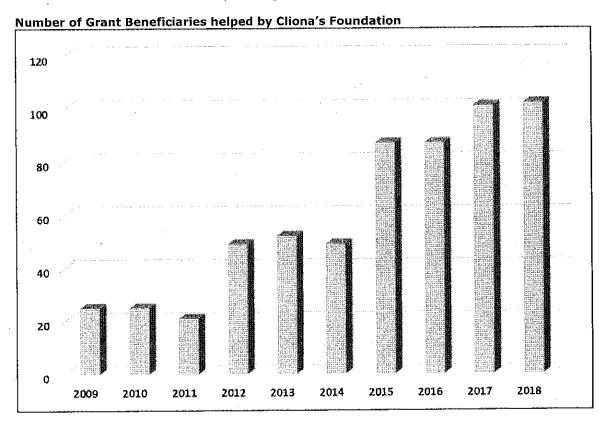
The company is reliant on the funding which it receives from the various fundraising initiatives that it undertakes along with donations received from members of the public. If this funding were to be reduced or cease in the future, this would impact negatively on the ability of the company to continue to provide its service. The directors have put in place appropriate initiatives to address same.

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT - CONTINUED**

### **KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS**

Cliona's Foundation's performance is measured based on a number of key performance indicators including the following:

- The number of grant beneficiaries to date: 598 (2017: 496)
- Wages as a percentage of income: 12% (2017: 12%).
- Grant beneficiaries as a percentage of income: 53% (2017: 74%)
- Administration overheads as a percentage of income: 33% (2017: 31%)



### **DIRECTORS AND SECRETARY**

All of the directors provide their services on a pro bona basis. No remuneration or expenses of any form are paid to any directors. Terry Ring received travelling expenses when necessary.

The directors, who served at any time throughout the financial year, were as follows:

Noreen Mitchell Brendan Ring Terry Ring Tom Tierney Brigid Teefy Fergal Deegan

The directors are not required to retire by rotation.

### **DIRECTORS' REPORT - CONTINUED**

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE**

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year end.

#### GOING CONCERN

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements

#### **ACCOUNTING RECORDS**

The measures that the directors have taken to secure compliance with the requirements of Sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 with regard to the keeping of accounting records are, the employment of appropriately qualified accounting personnel and the maintenance of computerised accounting systems. The company's accounting records are maintained at San Giovanni, Lough Gur, Bruff, Co. Limerick.

#### **AUDITOR**

The auditor, Deloitte Ireland LLP, Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm, continue in office in accordance with Section 383 (2) of the Companies Act 2014.

#### **DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS**

So far as each of the directors in office at the date of approval of the financial statements is aware:

- There is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- The Directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 330 of the Companies Act 2014.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by

BRENDAN RING		
BRENDAN RING  TOM TIERNEY	•	
TOM TIERNEY		

Date: 24 April 2019

### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("relevant financial reporting framework"). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company Financial Statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors' report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited.

They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Legislation in Ireland governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions. The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website.

# Deloitte.

Deloitte Ireland LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CLIONA'S FOUNDATION COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

## (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL)

## Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion on the financial statements of Cliona's Foundation Company Limited By Guarantee (the 'company')

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2018 and of the surplus for the financial year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework and, in particular, with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements we have audited comprise:

- the Income and Expenditure Account;
- the Statement of Comprehensive Income;
- the Statement of Financial Position;
- the Statement of Changes in Equity;
- the Statement of Cash Flows; and
- the related notes 1 to 10, including a summary of significant accounting policies as set out in note 1.

The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("the relevant financial reporting framework").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Accounting and Auditing Supervisory Authority, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Reports and Financial Statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Deloitte.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CLIONA'S FOUNDATION COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

## (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL)

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity (or where relevant, the group) to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that the auditor identifies during the audit.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

## Deloitte.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CLIONA'S FOUNDATION COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

## (A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL)

## Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

## Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our
- In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited.
- The financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.
- In our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements and the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the provisions in the Companies Act 2014 which require us to report to you if, in our opinflow, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions specified by law are not made.

Cathal Tready

For and on behalf of Deloitte Ireland LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm

Deloitte & Touche House

Charlotte Quay Limerick

Date: 21 May 2019

## INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018 €	2017 €
INCOME	3	206,396	208,308
Fundraising costs		(9,831)	(34,275)
GROSS SURPLUS		196,565	174,033
Grants to beneficiaries		(110,000)	(155,000)
Administrative expenses		(68,323)	(66,414)
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) BEFORE TAXATION		18,242	(47,381)
Taxation	6	·	. <del>-</del> -
SURPLUS/(DEFICIT) RETAINED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		18,242	(47,381)
		<del></del>	

All recognised gains and losses for both the current financial year and previous financial year are included in the income and expenditure account and arise from continuing operations.

## STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	•	
	2018 €	2017 €
Surplus/(deficit) for the financial year	18,242	(47,381)
Other comprehensive income for the financial year		<u>.</u>
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	18,242	(47,381)

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

•	Note	2018 €	2017 €
IXED ASSETS	7	1,097	2,986
URRENT ASSETS			
ank		33,083	12,955
		33,083	12,955
URRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors (Amounts falling due within one financ	ial year) 8	(580)	(583) ———
IET CURRENT ASSETS		32,503	12,372
OTAL NET ASSETS		33,600	15,358
APITAL AND RESERVES		<del></del>	
called up share capital Levenue reserves	9 9	- 33,600	15,358
OTAL RESERVES		33,600	15,358
The financial statements were approved by th April 2019. They were signed on its behalf by: BRENDAN RING	e board of directors  TOM TIE	RNEY	norised for issue o
BRENDAN RING	TOM TIE	RNEY	·

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Called up share capital presented as equity €	Profit and loss account €	Total €
AT 1 JANUARY 2018	· -	15,358	15,358
Surplus for the financial year	_	18,242	18,242
AT 31 DECEMBER 2018	· .	33,600	33,600
AT 1 JANUARY 2017	<del></del>	62,739	62,739
Deficit for the financial year		(47,381)	(47,381)
AT 31 DECEMBER 2017	<u></u>	15,358	15,358

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	2018 €	2017
CASHFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	·	-
Surplus/(deficit) before taxation Decrease in creditors Depreciation	18,242 (3) 1,889	(47,381) (2,659) 1,889
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	20,128	(48,151)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<del></del>	
Capital expenditure and financial investment		(271)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<u>-</u>	(271)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	'	. <u>-</u>
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	20,128	(48,422)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year	12,955	61,377
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	33,083	12,955
Reconciliation to cash at bank and in hand:  Cash at bank and in hand at end of financial year  Cash equivalents	33,083	12,955
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	33,083	12,955

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted by the company are as follows:

#### GENERAL INFORMATION AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Cliona's Foundation Company Limited by Guarantee is a company incorporated in Ireland as a company limited by guarantee under the Companies Act 2014. The address of the registered office is Roselawn House, National Technology Park, Limited. The registered number is 464037. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the directors' report on pages 3 to 6.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The functional currency of Cliona's Foundation Company Limited by Guarantee (formerly Cliona's Foundation Limited) is considered to be euro because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

### INCOME

All income from fundraising, contributions and donations are unrestricted and accounted for when received.

### **TAXATION**

As the company has obtained charitable status under Section 207 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997, there is no charge to corporation taxation.

## FIXED ASSETS

All fixed assets are stated at cost net of depreciation and any allowance for impairment. Depreciation is provided on assets at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual vale of the asset on a straight line basis over its expected useful live as follows:-

Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment

4 years/25% per annum

## 2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the financial year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that financial year or in the financial year of the revision and future financial years if the revision affects both current and future financial years.

Critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (which are dealt with separately below), that the directors have made in the process of applying the company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

## 2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY - Continued

**Going Concern** 

The preparation of the financial statements requires an assessment on the validity of the going concern assumption. The validity of the going concern assumption is dependent on the continued fundraising initiatives that it undertakes along with donations from members of the public. The directors are satisfied with the projected income for 2019 and on that basis are confident that Cliona's Foundation Company Limited by Guarantee (formerly Cliona's Foundation Limited) will be able to secure adequate financial resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

There were no key sources of estimation uncertainty in Cliona's Foundation Company Limited by Guarantee (formerly Cliona's Foundation Limited).

3.	INCOME	2018 €	2017 €
	An analysis of the company's income by class is set out below.		
	Income: Fundraising initiatives and donations	206,396	208,308
		<u> </u>	
		2018 €	2017 €
	An analysis of the company's income by geographical market is set out below.		
	Ireland	206,396	208,308
4.	EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION	2018 €	2017 €
	The average monthly number of employees was:-		
	Administration	1	1
		<del></del>	
	The aggregate remuneration comprised of:-	2018 €	2017 €
	Wages and salaries Social welfare costs	19,680 7,066	19,425 7,457
	Other retirement benefit costs	<del>-</del>	
		26,746	26,882
		<del></del>	<u>-</u>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	•				
5.	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		2018 €		2017 €
	Aggregate emoluments paid to or receivable by directors in respect of qualifying services		-		-
	Aggregate amount of money or value of other assets including shares, but excluding share options, paid to or receivable by the directors under long term incentive schemes in respect of qualifying services		-	,	
		=	<del></del>		
		2018 Number of Directors	2018 €	2017 Number of Directors	2017 €
	Aggregate contributions paid, treated as paid, or payable during the financial year to a retirement benefit scheme in respect of qualifying services of directors:  - Defined contribution schemes  - Defined benefit schemes		_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-
	Defined benefit seriemes	<del></del>		·	

All other disclosure requirements under Companies Act 2014 are €Nil for both the current and prior financial year.

### 6. TAXATION

No charge to taxation arises due to the company's charitable status.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

7.	FIXED ASSETS	xtures & Fittings & Equipment &	Total €
	Cost: At 1 January 2018	7,557	7,557
	At 31 December 2018	7,557	7,557
	Accumulated Depreciation: At 1 January 2018 Change for the financial year	4,571 1,889	4,571 1,889
	At 31 December 2018	6,460	6,460
	Net Book Value: 31 December 2018	1,097	1,097
	31 December 2017	2,986	2,986
8.	CREDITORS (Amounts falling due within one financial	year) 2018 €	2017
	Other taxation and social welfare	580	583
		580	583
	Other taxation and social welfare comprise:		<del></del>
	PAYE/PRSI	580	583

## 9. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL PRESENTED AS EQUITY

The company is limited by Guarantee and does not have a share capital. The liability of its members is limited.

The company's other reserves are as follows:

The revenue reserves represents a cumulative surplus net of adjustments.

### 10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The total remuneration for related parties for the financial year totalled  $\in$ 19,680 (2017:  $\in$ 19,425), being remuneration paid to an employee connected to a director of the company.

The total remuneration for key management personnel for the financial year totalled €16,037 (2017: €25,000).