REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CLIONA'S FOUNDATION COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

(A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL)

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED

31 DECEMBER 2017

REPORTS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

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DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

Noreen Mitchell Brendan Ring Terry Ring Tom Tierney Brigid Teefy Fergal Deegan

SECRETARY

Terry Ring

AUDITOR

Deloitte Ireland LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm

Deloitte & Touche House

Charlotte Quay Limerick

BANKER

Bank of Ireland

Bruff

Co. Limerick

REGISTERED OFFICE

San Giovanni Lough Gur Bruff Co. Limerick

CHARITY NO.

18127

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors of Cliona's Foundation Company Limited by Guarantee (formerly Cliona's Foundation Limited) present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2017.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Cliona's Foundation Company Limited by Guarantee ("Cliona's Foundation") is a registered charity, (Company Registration Number 464037, Charity number CHY 18127, CRA Number 20068899) set up by Brendan & Terry Ring following the death of their daughter Cliona from an inoperable brain tumour. As they made the many trips to hospitals all over Ireland with Cliona, the couple were struck by the many families with whom they came in contact, who had a critically ill child like themselves and these families were on the brink of financial meltdown because of the mounting non-medical expenses piling up. Brendan and Terry took action and set up Cliona's Foundation in honour of their only daughter.

There are currently over 100 children's charities operating in Ireland. Cliona's Foundation is unique in that it focuses completely on non-medical expenses for families who have exhausted all other avenues of financial assistance.

CLIONA'S FOUNDATION VISION

No family will suffer financially when caring for a seriously ill child.

CLIONA'S FOUNDATION MISSION

To provide financial assistance for families of children with a life-limiting condition.

PATRON - Miriam O'Callaghan

LOOKING AHEAD

There are over 4,000 children in Ireland with life-limiting conditions. Parents, usually mothers, willingly become full-time carers for their child. Taking on this caring role frequently impacts directly on the family finances through loss of employment, income or opportunities.

Caring also impacts through increased expenses related to the care needs of their child such as attendance at hospital appointments including travel, and parking and other non-care related expenses.

The ordeal of a child's grave illness or injury tests families far beyond their endurance, taking an enormous toll financially, emotionally and physically. While CFDN cannot cure a child, it wants to help them cope and soften their heartbreaking journey, by uniquely providing financial assistance to families, who have exhausted all other resources. Cliona's Foundation believes that no family should have to face any added financial stress when they are already struggling to cope with the devastation and trauma of a seriously ill child.

The charity is committed to increasing its funding to families during the coming years and will strive to help more families than ever.

Cliona's Foundation is endeavouring to strengthen its Board of Directors over the next 12 months and will set out to seek much needed funding from our Government and/or philanthropists rather than relying solely on fundraising initiatives or public support.

DIRECTORS' REPORT - CONTINUED

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES, BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

Cliona's Foundation receives no state funding whatsoever and relies entirely on fundraisers, donations and events to support the many families who contact the foundation each year. Cliona's Foundation is cognisant of the negative publicity concerning a number of high profile charities in Ireland. It is generally agreed it is not a good time to be fundraising in Ireland but yet families with critically ill children need support which is why Cliona's Foundation will adhere steadfastly to its mission – to provide financial support for families of children with a life-limiting condition.

It has been an excellent year for the Foundation. In 2017 Cliona's Foundation have been able to provide financial support to 101 families all over Ireland and has provided funding of €155,000. The foundation is currently receiving a minimum of two new applications a week for funding and expect that this number will continue to rise.

Looking forward to next financial year, we are planning that we will be able to continue to support and help many more families that greatly need it. We also plan to further raise awareness of the work that Cliona's Foundation does nationwide.

We would like to sincerely thank everyone for the amazing and wonderful support that you have shown to Cliona's Foundation this year.

Governance Code and Fundraising Principles.

Cliona's Foundation invested significant time and resources in reviewing and developing it's governance structures in 2017. Early in the year CFDN registered with the Governancecode ie on their 'adoption journey' register as it worked towards full compliance with the governance code. The Board of CFDN also resolved to achieve the standards of the principles published in the Statement of Guiding Principles for Fundraising originally prepared by ICTR.

A number of detailed policies and procedures were prepared and implemented during 2017. Training for members of the Board and for staff was also carried out during the year. At its meeting of 20th February 2017 the Board of CFDN reviewed and signed off on its public compliance with the Governance Code and with the Fundraising Principles. Cliona's Foundation has achieved the Triple Lock status and is one of only a small number of charities registered in Ireland to have done so.

The Directors of Cliona's Foundation state that:

"We comply with the Governance Code for community, voluntary and charitable organisations in Ireland. We confirm that a review of our organisation's compliance with the principles in the Code was conducted 20th February 2017.

This review was based on an assessment of our organisational practice against the recommended actions for each principle. The review sets out actions and completion dates for any issues that the assessment identifies need to be addressed."

The Directors of Cliona's Foundation also state:

We are fully committed to achieving the standards contained within the Statement of Guiding Principles for Fundraising.

RESULTS

During the financial year ended 31 December 2017, the company recorded a deficit of €47,381 (2016: surplus €16,410). Income of €208,308 (2016: €231,830) was recorded as a result of fundraising initiatives along with private donations received. Grants of €155,000 (2016: €130,500) were distributed to 101 foundation beneficiaries with an average distribution of €1,500.

DIRECTORS' REPORT - CONTINUED

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

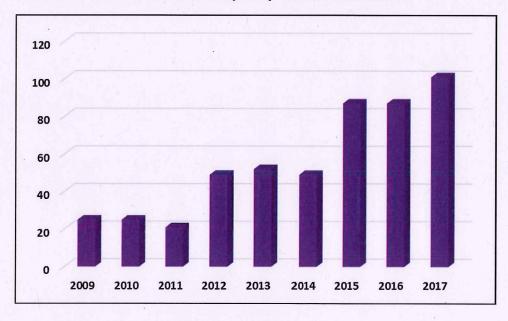
The company is reliant on the funding which it receives from the various fundraising initiatives that it undertakes along with donations received from members of the public. If this funding were to be reduced or cease in the future, this would impact negatively on the ability of the company to continue to provide its service. The directors have put in place appropriate initiatives to address same.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Cliona's Foundation's performance is measured based on a number of key performance indicators including the following:

- The number of grant beneficiaries to date: 496 (2016: 395)
- Wages as a percentage of income: 12% (2016: 10%).
- Grant beneficiaries as a percentage of income: 74% (2016: 56%)
- Administration overheads as a percentage of income: 31% (2016: 18%)

Number of Grant Beneficiaries helped by Cliona's Foundation



DIRECTORS AND SECRETARY

All of the directors provide their services on a pro bona basis. No remuneration or expenses of any form are paid to any directors.

The directors, who served at any time throughout the financial year, were as follows:

Noreen Mitchell Brendan Ring Terry Ring Tom Tierney Brigid Teefy Fergal Deegan

The directors are not required to retire by rotation.

DIRECTORS' REPORT - CONTINUED

EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year end.

GOING CONCERN

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements

ACCOUNTING RECORDS

The measures that the directors have taken to secure compliance with the requirements of Sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 with regard to the keeping of accounting records are, the employment of appropriately qualified accounting personnel and the maintenance of computerised accounting systems. The company's accounting records are maintained at San Giovanni, Lough Gur, Bruff, Co. Limerick.

AUDITOR

The auditor, Deloitte Ireland LLP, Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm, continue in office in accordance with Section 383 (2) of the Companies Act 2014.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as each of the directors in office at the date of approval of the financial statements is aware:

- There is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and
- The Directors have taken have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of Section 330 of the Companies Act 2014.

Approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by

BRENDAN RING	
BRENDAN RING	
TOM TIERNEY	
TOM TIERNEY	

Date: 29 May, 2018

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("relevant financial reporting framework"). Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Company Financial Statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors' report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited.

They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Deloitte.

Deloitte Ireland LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Audit Firm

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CLIONA'S FOUNDATION COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

(A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL)

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion on the financial statements of Cliona's Foundation Company Limited By Guarantee (the `company')

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2017 and of the deficit for the financial year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework and, in particular, with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements we have audited comprise:

- the Income and Expenditure Account;
- the Statement of Comprehensive Income;
- the Statement of Financial Position;
- the Statement of Changes in Equity;
- the Statement of Cash Flows; and
- the related notes 1 to 10, including a summary of significant accounting policies as set out in note 1.

The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("the relevant financial reporting framework").

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the "Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Accounting and Auditing Supervisory Authority, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Reports and Financial Statements, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CLIONA'S FOUNDATION COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

(A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL)

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the entity (or where relevant, the group) to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that the auditor identifies during the audit.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Deloitte.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CLIONA'S FOUNDATION COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

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Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited.
- The financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.
- In our opinion the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements and the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2014.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the provisions in the Companies Act 2014 which require us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions specified by law are not made.

Cathal Treacy

For and on behalf of Deloitte Ireland LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm
Deloitte & Touche House
Charlotte Quay
Limerick

Date: 18 June, 2018

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note	2017 €	2016 €
INCOME	3	208,308	231,830
Fundraising costs		(34,275)	(41,814)
GROSS SURPLUS		174,033	190,016
Grants to beneficiaries		(155,000)	(130,500)
Administrative expenses		(66,414)	(43,106)
(DEFICIT)/SURPLUS BEFORE TAXATION		(47,381)	16,410
Taxation	6		
(DEFICIT)/SURPLUS RETAINED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(47,381)	16,410

All recognised gains and losses for both the current financial year and previous financial year are included in the income and expenditure account and arise from continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	2017 €	2016 €
(Deficit)/surplus for the financial year	(47,381)	16,410
Other comprehensive income for the financial year		
Total comprehensive income for the financial year	(47,381)	16,410

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Annual Control of the		
		2017	2016
N.	ote	€	€
FIXED ASSETS	7	2,986	4,604
CURRENT ASSETS			
Bank		12,955	61,377
		12,955	61,377
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Creditors (Amounts falling due within one financial year)	8	(583)	(3,242)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		12,372	58,135
TOTAL NET ASSETS		15,358	62,739
TOTAL REL ASSETS		====	.=====
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	9		
Revenue reserves	9	15,358	62,739
TOTAL RESERVES		15,358	62,739

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 29 May 2018 and authorised for issue on 29 May 2018. They were signed on its behalf by:

BRENDAN RING		TOM TIERNEY	
	DIRECTOR		DIRECTOR
BRENDAN RING		TOM TIERNEY	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Called up share capital presented as equity €	Profit and loss account €	Total €
AT 1 JANUARY 2017		62,739	62,739
Deficit for the financial year		(47,381)	(47,381)
AT 31 DECEMBER 2017		15,358	15,358
AT 1 JANUARY 2016		46,329	46,329
Surplus for the financial year		16,410	16,410
AT 31 DECEMBER 2016		62,739	62,739

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	2017	2016
CASHFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	€	€
(Deficit)/surplus before taxation (Decrease)/increase in creditors Depreciation	(47,381) (2,659) 1,889	16,410 2,168 1,821
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(48,151)	20,399
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditure and financial investment	(271)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(271)	
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(48,422)	20,399
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year	61,377	40,978
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	12,955	61,377
Reconciliation to cash at bank and in hand: Cash at bank and in hand at end of financial year Cash equivalents	12,955	61,377
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	12,955	61,377

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted by the company are as follows:

GENERAL INFORMATION AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Cliona's Foundation Company Limited by Guarantee (formerly Cliona's Foundation Limited) is a company incorporated in Ireland under the Companies Act 2014. The address of the registered office is given on page 2. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the directors' report on pages 3 to 6.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The functional currency of Cliona's Foundation Company Limited by Guarantee (formerly Cliona's Foundation Limited) is considered to be euro because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates.

INCOME

All income from fundraising, contributions and donations are unrestricted and accounted for when received.

TAXATION

As the company has obtained charitable status under Section 207 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997, there is no charge to corporation taxation.

FIXED ASSETS

All fixed assets are stated at cost net of depreciation and any allowance for impairment. Depreciation is provided on assets at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual vale of the asset on a straight line basis over its expected useful live as follows:-

Fixtures, Fittings and Equipment

4 years/25% per annum

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the company's accounting policies, which are described in note 1, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the financial year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that financial year or in the financial year of the revision and future financial years if the revision affects both current and future financial years.

Critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (which are dealt with separately below), that the directors have made in the process of applying the company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY - Continued

Going Concern

The preparation of the financial statements requires an assessment on the validity of the going concern assumption. The validity of the going concern assumption is dependent on the continued fundraising initiatives that it undertakes along with donations from members of the public. The directors are satisfied with the projected income for 2018 and on that basis are confident that Cliona's Foundation Company Limited by Guarantee (formerly Cliona's Foundation Limited) will be able to secure adequate financial resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

There were no key sources of estimation uncertainty in Cliona's Foundation Company Limited by Guarantee (formerly Cliona's Foundation Limited).

3.	INCOME	2017	2016
	An analysis of the company's income by class is set out below. Income:	€	€
	Fundraising initiatives and donations	208,308	231,830
		2017 €	2016 €
	An analysis of the company's income by geographical market is set out below.		
	Ireland	208,308	231,830
4.	EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION	2017 €	2016 €
	The average monthly number of employees was:-		
	Administration	1	1
	그는 항 그는 하는 사람들은 얼마나 나를 다 먹었다.		
	The aggregate remuneration comprised of:-	2017 €	2016 €
	Wages and salaries Social welfare costs Other retirement benefit costs	19,425 7,457 -	18,507 5,457 -
		26,882	23,964

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

5.	DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION		2017		2016 €
	Aggregate emoluments paid to or receivable by directors in respect of qualifying services		-		
	Aggregate amount of money or value of other assets including shares, but excluding share options, paid to or receivable by the directors under long term incentive schemes in respect of qualifying services		_		
	그런 보통한 경우를 내려왔다면 하는 맛있다면요?		54 PM	-	
		2017 Number of Directors	2017 €	2016 Number of Directors	2016
	Aggregate contributions paid, treated as paid, or payable during the financial year to a retirement benefit scheme in respect of qualifying services of directors: - Defined contribution schemes - Defined benefit schemes				
					The state of

All other disclosure requirements under Companies Act 2014 are \in Nil for both the current and prior financial year.

6. TAXATION

No charge to taxation arises due to the company's charitable status.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

7.	FIXED ASSETS	ktures & Fittings & Equipment €	Total €
	Cost: At 1 January 2017	7,286	7,286
	Additions	, 271 	271
	At 31 December 2017	7,557	7,557
	Accumulated Depreciation: At 1 January 2017	2,682	2,682
	Change for the financial year	1,889	1,889
	At 31 December 2017	4,571	4,571
	Net Book Value: 31 December 2017	2,986	2,986
	31 December 2016	4,604	4,604
8.	CREDITORS (Amounts falling due within one financial	year) 2017	2016
		€	€
	Other taxation and social welfare Accruals	583	742 2,500
		583	3,242
	Other taxation and social welfare comprise:		
	PAYE/PRSI	583	742

9. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL PRESENTED AS EQUITY

The company is limited by Guarantee and does not have a share capital. The liability of its members is limited.

The company's other reserves are as follows:

The revenue reserves represents a cumulative surplus net of adjustments.

10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The total remuneration for related parties for the financial year totalled €19,425 (2016: €18,750), being remuneration paid to an employee connected to a director of the company.

The total remuneration for key management personnel for the financial year totalled €25,000 (2016: €Nil).